## Chess

## Rooks in the open

TONY MILES, the only English player ever to gain the title of FIDE International Grandmaster, showed his strength at the very strong London congress, Ilford. The world's youngest GM won the tournament with  $5\frac{1}{2}/6$ , although he was troubled in a number of games. His closest shave was with the globetrotting David Parr, against whom he was fortunate to escape with a draw.

I played Parr in the last round where a win would have enabled me to tie for first with Miles. However, despite obtaining a clear advantage, a very fast time control forced me to agree a draw. I finished second equal with this year's king of the English circuit, David Rumens, David Parr and former British and Czechoslovakian ladies' champion, Mrs Jana Hartston.

Pure technique is the name of the following game as Parr grinds down his young opponent. Control of the open file is used to gain complete domination of the board, demonstrating the simple — but so important — idea that rooks belong on open files.

## ILFORD OPEN '76 KING'S INDIAN DEFENCE

C. S.	Crouch	D.	Pari

	c4	g6
2.	g3	Bg7
	Bg2	d6 '
	Nc3	Nf6
5.	Nf3	0-0
6.	0-0	Nc6
7	44	Dho

That rook has a great fu-

8.	d5	Na5
9	Nd2	c5
	TIUM	CU

Up to now the game has been following well known theory. Crouch should play 10, Qc2 and go for the set up of b3, Bb2, R(a)e1, e4 and ignore black's queen-side play.

10. a3? Bd7! 11. Qc2

The English junior sees the failure of his tenth move in the variation 11, b4 c×b4. 12, a×b4 N×c4! 13, N×c4 Qc7 and one of the white knights will be lost.

11	Qc7
12. b3	a6
13. Bb2	b5
14. e4	b×c4
15. b×c4	Rb7
16. R(a)e1	

Crouch is playing a line similar to the main variation, except he is a tempo behind. However the pawn on a3 is not just a wasted move, but a

major positional concession, as Parr demonstrates with simplicity and precision.

16.		R(f)b8
17.	Nd1	Nb3
18.	N×b3	R×b3
19.	Re3	R(3)b7
20.	Bc3	Ng4
21.	Re2	B×c3
22.	N×c3	Qa5

Obvious and strong.

23.	f4		Rb3!
~0.	11	/	TUDO:

23 . . . Rb2. 24, Qc1 is less clear. The text allows a trap "Which I saw of course!" to quote Parr.

24.	Nb5!?	Re3
25.	h3	a×b5
26.	h×g4	Q×a3
27.		b×c4
28.	R(e)f2	g×f5!
29.	e×f5	f6
30.	g5	R×g3
31.	g×f6	e×f6
32.	Rf3	R×f3
33.	R×f3	Qa1 ch
	Kh2	Qe5 ch
25000	Kh1	Kh8
200	Q×c4	B×f5
37.	Qf4	Pb1 ch
165	dir	or cu

And the second rook infiltrates using the open file.

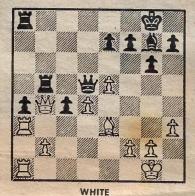
38. Kh2 Be4!

Faultless to the last move; simplification is now forced. White resigned seeing his last trap would not work: 39, Q×e5 f×e5. 40, Rf8ch Kg7. 41, B×e4 Rb2ch! The zwischenzug, or "in-between" move. Parr can safely lift the white rook next move having shifted his own piece out of the bishop's reach.

A CRUCIAL stage in my last round game arose in the following position. Parr has just played his rook from a5 to b5 attacking my Queen.

White to play and win a pawn.

BLACK D. Parr



M. Chandler

Obviously 1,  $Q \times e7$  fails to 1... Bf8, so I played 1,  $R \times a4!$  for if black takes the Queen white mates with 2,  $R \times a8$  ch Bf8. 3, Bh6!

This is a very useful type of mating pattern to know as it frequently appears in games.

MURRAY CHANDLER